

DEATH IN TORNADO'S PATH

Storm Sweeps Over Two Towns in Alabama.

TEN PERSONS LOSE THEIR LIVES

Many Residences, Barns and Outbuildings Are Demolished—Loss Will Reach High in the Thousands—No Communication With District.

Evergreen, Ala., April 15.—News has just reached here by telephone confirming rumors of heavy loss of life and property in the neighborhood of Peterman and Burnt Corn, wrought by a tornado, which passed near there. Ten persons are known to have been killed and numerous barns, residences, fences and outhouses were swept away, entailing a loss which will reach high into the thousands. On account of the bad condition of the wires communication is difficult and the only name that could be obtained of the dead is Henry Salter, a well known planter. Several residences were demolished, the timbers falling on the occupants, killing and injuring all within the buildings. It will probably be several days before a correct list of the casualties can be obtained, as there is neither telegraph nor railroad communication. The heavy rains have rendered the roads almost impassable.

H. H. Salter, his mother and child were riding along a road and were opposite a clump of trees when the storm overtook them. A heavy tree that was uprooted by the wind fell across the wagon, crushing all of the occupants to death.

Peterman is in Monroe county, just across the line from Conecuh, and is not within twenty-five miles of a railroad or telegraph station. All news so far received has come over the telephone lines, which are several miles from the path of the storm.

PRESIDENT NOT LION HUNTING.

Refuses to Fire a Single Shot During Holiday in Yellowstone Park.

Cinnabar, Mont., April 15.—President Roosevelt broke camp and is slowly working his way to Major Pitcher's headquarters at Fort Yellowstone. He is expected to reach there some time tomorrow. He will remain there one day and then will start for Norris, where the geysers are. There is a good deal of snow between the fort and Norris and the engineer corps is at work opening the road. Word received from the president was to the effect that he is in the best of health and thoroughly enjoying his outing. In addition to horseback riding he takes long walks over the mountain trails. Notwithstanding reports to the contrary, the president has not fired a shot at a mountain lion and has no intention of doing so. It is estimated that there are 500 of these animals in the park and they are killing large quantities of deer and elk. A determined effort is being made to exterminate them, and "Buffalo" Jones, the game warden of the park, together with his scouts, is slaying them on every possible occasion. Mr. Jones has offered to round up a lion or two for the president to shoot at, but the latter has declined to do so.

The weather continues to be all that could be desired and the members of the party who are living on the train at Cinnabar are having a good time fishing and riding through the country.

Northern Pacific Men Get Raise. St. Paul, April 15.—All matters in dispute between the officials of the Northern Pacific Railway company and the conductors and the trainmen have been settled to the satisfaction of both officials and men and the negotiations, which began early in January, are now ended. The men will get an advance of 15 per cent for freight conductors and trainmen and 12 per cent for passenger trainmen.

Assistant Secretary Alles Resigns. Washington, April 15.—Milton A. Alles, assistant secretary of the treasury, severed his connection with the department today to accept the vice presidency of the Riggs National bank of Washington.

TELEGRAMS TERSELY TOLD.

The Colorado Midland railroad has granted the trainmen an advance in wages of 12 per cent.

The offices of the American Hereford Cattle Breeders' association have been removed from Chicago to Kansas City. William Phillips, a young farmer living near Arlington, Tex., shot and killed his wife and then committed suicide.

John K. Lincoln, a distant relative of Abraham Lincoln, died at the home of his son-in-law in Kansas City Tuesday, aged eighty-two years.

Nearly all of the railroads in Texas have applied to the railroad commission for an increase in freight rates. Their request is based on increased operating expenses.

The testimonial performance for Miss Clara Morris, given by the friends and admirers of the afflicted actress at the Broadway theater, New York, netted about \$6,000.

The general offices of Wells, Fargo & Co., which have been maintained in San Francisco ever since the establishment of the company over half a century ago, are to be removed to New York next month.

The boiler of the Charles Bevans sawmill at Ruby, O., exploded Tuesday, killing Charles Bevans, Richard Houck, Rufus Houck and two boys named Houck and Gottridge. Several others were badly injured.

PROBE SMUGGLING CHARGES.

Porto Rican Press and People Demand Immediate Investigation. San Juan, P. I., April 15.—The grand jury is investigating the so-called smuggling cases in which officers of the United States navy and other prominent men are involved, notwithstanding the instructions which District Attorney Pettigill has received from the department of justice at Washington not to present information to the grand jury this term. The press and the natives have practically demanded an investigation, inasmuch as last term a native merchant named Amado was sentenced to a year's confinement in the penitentiary and a fine of \$500 for having contraband liquor in his possession.

Cable Laid to Farallone Islands. Washington, April 15.—The landing and successful operation of a government cable connecting San Francisco and the Farallone islands, thirty miles outside the Golden Gate, is announced in an official message received by Chief Willis L. Moore of the weather bureau. This important extension of the weather service was authorized by congress as the result of repeated representations from the maritime interests of San Francisco. Hereafter the government will display storm warnings from its Farallone station and all vessels will report to the station by signal, and the observer will report them at once to San Francisco, thus announcing arrivals several hours ahead of the landing.

Arguments Heard in Bond Case. Washington, April 15.—The United States supreme court heard arguments in the case of the state of South Dakota vs. the state of North Carolina, involving the legality of bonds issued by the latter state in 1866 to aid the construction of the North Carolina railroad, \$10,000 of which were presented to the educational fund of South Dakota for the purpose. It is claimed by the legal representatives of North Carolina, of giving the federal supreme court original jurisdiction. The case was argued for South Dakota by Wheeler Peckham. North Carolina contests the suit on the ground that the bonds were not legally issued and also challenges the jurisdiction of the court.

BODY TRACED TO THE RIVER.

Omaha Police Find New Clue in Missing Woman Case.

Omaha, April 15.—There is evidence to show that the body of Mrs. Idella Rose Knight, who probably was poisoned by her husband a week ago last Saturday night, may have been thrown into the river at the foot of Nicholas street.

The evidence is furnished by Mr. and Mrs. John Andreas, who live along the river bank. Saturday night, April 4, Mr. and Mrs. Andreas were awakened about midnight by a wagon and horse being driven by their house and through their yard to the river, but a short distance away, and an hour or so afterwards they heard the wagon return. Wagon tracks leading directly to the river are still visible, and also a track in the sand as if a box or trunk had been dragged and thrown in the river.

FILL POLICEMAN WITH LEAD.

Negroes Riddle Officer With Bullets Who Seeks Their Arrest for Theft.

Joplin, Mo., April 15.—Police Officer C. Leslie was shot and instantly killed here while trying to capture several negroes suspected of theft. The negroes had taken refuge in a boxcar and Officer Leslie had commanded that they surrender or he would shoot. They would not surrender and the officer fired several shots at the car. Meanwhile one of the negroes slipped from the car, and making his way unobserved around behind the officer, shot him through the head. The other negroes then riddled the officer's body with bullets and fled. A posse is in pursuit and more trouble is feared.

Robbed in a Street Car.

San Francisco, April 15.—August Tange, a German tourist from the West Indies, is the victim of highwaymen, who robbed him on a street car in front of the Palace hotel, of which he was a guest. As he stood on the rear platform two men snatched his wallet containing a letter of credit for \$250, currency amounting to \$270, his railroad ticket to the east and other papers. The thieves jumped from the car and made their escape.

Bulgarians Wipe Out Village.

London, April 15.—The Times' correspondent at Constantinople says the latest Bulgarian achievement is the total destruction of a small village of exclusively Musselman population. One hundred and sixty-five persons, with the exception of a very few, who escaped by flight, were massacred. The women were subjected to indescribable mutilation.

Newlands-Johnson Nuptials.

Washington, April 15.—The marriage of Miss Edythe Newlands, the eldest daughter of Senator Newlands of Nevada, to Charles Johnson of this city took place here. Only the members of the bride's family witnessed the ceremony, which was performed by Rev. Mr. Thayer of St. Mark's school, Boston, with which the groom is connected.

Three Drowned in Susquehanna.

Harrisburg, Pa., April 15.—George Smith, aged fifty years, and his two sons, who were employed at the Harrisburg foundry and machine works, were drowned in the Susquehanna river while on their way home from work. The men attempted to cross the river in a small rowboat, which struck a rock and capsized.

SCORES LABOR UNIONS

President Parry Takes a Radical Stand.

CALLS ARBITRATION A FAILURE.

Executive of Manufacturers' Association Says Methods of Trades Unions as Now Pursued Lead to Anarchy and Must Be Fought to the End.

New Orleans, April 15.—The first day's session of the annual convention of the National Association of Manufacturers ended without any definite indications as to whether the organization will adopt, as its own, the policy of aggressive hostility to union labor methods as outlined by President D. M. Parry in his annual report. Mr. Parry's attitude on the labor question was the chief point of interest for the delegates and, it is declared, was the cause for the largest delegate representation in the history of the association. When Mr. Parry was introduced at the morning session he received a remarkable ovation, the 600 delegates rising and cheering him vigorously and repeatedly. His report was immediately referred to committees. In it he says that the methods of organized labor, as now pursued, will inevitably lead to anarchy and disaster and must be fought to the end. The American Federation of Labor is denounced as an organization which "breeds boycotters, picketers, socialists and the source from whence proceeds such noxious emanations as the eight-hour and anti-conspiracy bills." The speaker denounced conciliation as a myth and arbitration as a failure.

Numerous times during the day, in resolutions and in speeches, the matter of trade unionism came to the surface, but at no time was there any test vote on which the attitude of the convention was shown. The convention outbursts showed intense feeling on part of the members of the association and there was every indication that the session, this afternoon, when the report of the resolution will be submitted, will prove a lively one.

Following the president's message, Secretary Cushing made his annual report, showing an increase in the association's membership for the last year of more than 100 per cent, having over 2,100 members on its roll.

NO WAR ON AMERICAN GOODS.

International Agricultural Congress Postpones Zollverein Proposal.

Rome, April 15.—After a lengthy discussion the international agricultural congress postponed to the next congress further consideration of Count von Schwerin Loewitz's proposition for a European zollverein against American competition. The discussion on what is styled "Europe's declaration of war against America," aroused great interest. The Marquis Di Capelli, the president of the congress, occupied the chair and all the notabilities of the congress were present, including former Premier Rudini, the former Foreign Minister Venesta, Prince Campagna, Count Sodereini and former Premier Meline of France.

Carnegie to Pay All Expenses.

Ithaca, April 15.—A further communication was received by President Schurman of Cornell from Andrew Carnegie, in which Mr. Carnegie urged that the students' fund, subscribed to aid those who became ill with typhoid fever during the epidemic, be returned to subscribers and that he be allowed to pay all expenses incurred by students on account of the epidemic, including those of twenty-seven who died. The details of the plan by which students are to avail themselves of Mr. Carnegie's offer have been worked out and each one will send to the treasurer's office an itemized bill.

President's Gift to Pope.

Baltimore, April 15.—President Roosevelt has sent to Cardinal Gibbons and his eminence has forwarded by special messenger to Pope Leo XIII a gift to be presented to the holy father on the celebration of his jubilee. The gift consists of ten handsomely bound volumes, containing all the messages and official documents of the presidents of the United States, from Washington to Roosevelt.

Vessel Given Up for Lost.

Philadelphia, April 15.—The Philadelphia schooner George C. Thomas, which sailed from Grand Constance island, Feb. 5, for New York, has been given up for lost. She was commanded by Captain Morris and manned by a crew of ten men. No tidings of the vessel have been received since she sailed. The trip under ordinary conditions should have been made within two weeks.

Women Assembling at Wilkesbarre.

Wilkesbarre, April 15.—The ninth biennial conference of the American committee, associated with the World's Young Women's Christian association, will open in this city this afternoon. The first delegates to arrive were those from Des Moines, Ia. The convention promises to be one of the most important gatherings of the association.

Dr. Lorenz Arrives.

New York, April 15.—Dr. Lorenz, who during his last visit to the United States performed a number of bloodless surgical operations, arrived here on the steamer Lahn from Genoa. He goes to Chicago to remove the cast from the hip of Lolita Armour, the daughter of J. Ogden Armour, to operate upon whom he made his first visit to America.

CLEVELAND DELIVERS ADDRESS.

Lauds Work of Booker Washington and Tuskegee Institute.

New York, April 15.—Former President Grover Cleveland was the principal speaker at a meeting held in Madison Square Garden in the interest of the Tuskegee Normal and Industrial institute. Among those on the platform with Mr. Cleveland were Mayor Low, who presided; Booker T. Washington and Dr. Lyman Abbott. Mrs. Cleveland sat in the gallery with Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Carnegie, who are Mr. Cleveland's hosts while he is in this city. Mr. Cleveland said in part: "I have come here tonight as a sincere friend of the negro and I should be very sorry to suppose that my good and regular standing in such company needed support at this late day, either from certificate or confession of faith. Inasmuch, however, as there may be differences of thought and sentiment among those who profess to be friends of the negro, I desire to declare myself as belonging to the Booker Washington-Tuskegee section of the organization. I believe that the days of Uncle Tom's cabin are past. I believe that neither the decree that made the slaves free, nor the enactment that suddenly invested them with the rights of citizenship any more purged them of their racial and slavery-bred imperfections and deficiencies than that it changed the color of their skin. I believe that among the nearly nine millions of negroes who have been intermixed with our citizenship, there is still a grievous amount of ignorance, a sad amount of viciousness and a tremendous amount of laziness and thriftlessness. I am thoroughly convinced that the efforts of Booker Washington and the methods of Tuskegee institute point the way to a safe and beneficent solution of the vexatious negro problem at the south."

EMPLOYER IS HELD LIABLE.

When Men Take Place of Strikers Must Tell Them So.

Denver, April 15.—Employers who fail to explain to men taking the places of others who may be out on a strike the annoyance or violence to which they may be subjected are liable for damages in case injury is done. This is the opinion of the court of appeals just handed down in the case of William Holschauer, who while in the employ of the Denver Gas and Electric company, was shot by striking employes of the company. He declared that he was hired without being told that there was a strike at the plant.

In giving the opinion of the court Justice Thompson said: "The controlling feature of this case is that the employer knowingly exposed the employe to personal danger and concealed the danger from him."

Strike Culminates in Riot.

Wapakoneta, O., April 15.—A strike of 100 workmen employed in the construction of the Western Ohio Electric railway between here and Sidney culminated in a riot. Loss of life was averted only by the officials yielding to all the demands of the strikers. Eighty Italian laborers were imported from Brooklyn and put to work on the line and a number of local men were discharged. The rest of the local workmen immediately laid down their tools, demanding that the foreigners should be removed from town, as they would not work with them. Strikers and sympathizers, armed with shotguns and rifles, took possession of the passenger station, blocked the tracks and stopped all cars and traffic. The marshal was assaulted and the sheriff could swear in no deputies. Finally the situation became so alarming that the company agreed not to put the foreigners to work. They were hustled out of town on the work cars. All is now quiet.

BELEATED EXPLOSION FATAL.

Two Men Killed and Two Injured in a Tunnel on the Wabash.

Pittsburg, April 15.—Two men were killed and two injured in a beleated explosion of dynamite at the New Mount Washington tunnel of the Wabash railroad.

A blast had been prepared but failed to explode and the men returned to ascertain the cause, when suddenly it went off with a terrific report, hurling rocks in every direction.

Two men were killed outright, their bodies being terribly mangled; two others were seriously but not fatally hurt, and a number of others had narrow escapes. The men were Hungarians and as they were known by number only, their names could not be learned.

Prompt Work Saves Levee.

New Orleans, April 15.—Prompt and effective work arrested the threatened destruction of Waterloo levee, about seventy miles above the city, on the east bank of the river. A crawfish hole had developed near its base and widened to a diameter of eighteen to twenty inches. For a time there was much apprehension that the levee would go, but after a day of hard work a run-around was completed and the source of the trouble made reasonably secure.

Iron Mountain Shops Scorched.

Little Rock, Ark., April 15.—The new Iron Mountain shops at Baring Cross had a narrow escape from total destruction. The freight car repair shops were burned, including about thirty-five cars and two cabooses. Loss, \$20,000.

Editor Kelly on Trial.

Butte, Mont., April 15.—The case of Editor J. W. Kelly, charged with the murder of Dr. Henry Caffley, went to trial in Judge McClernand's court. The regular jury panel was exhausted and the trial was continued to next Friday.

CONGRESSMAN WILBER SAYS

[To The Pe-ru-na Medicine Co., of Columbus, O.]

"Pe-ru-na is All You Claim For It."



Congressman D. F. Wilber, of Oneonta, N. Y., writes: "The Pe-ru-na Medicine Co., Columbus, Ohio: Gentlemen—'Persuaded by a friend I have tried your remedy and I have almost fully recovered after the use of a few bottles. I am fully convinced that Pe-ru-na is all you claim for it, and I cheerfully recommend your medicine to all who are afflicted with catarrhal trouble.'—David F. Wilber.

Pe-ru-na a Preventive and Cure for Colds. Mr. C. F. Given, Sussex, N. B., Vice President of "The Past-time Boating Club," writes:

"Whenever the cold weather sets in I have for years past been very sure to catch a severe cold which was hard to throw off, and which would leave after-effects on my constitution the most of the winter.

"Last winter I was advised to try Pe-ru-na, and within five days the cold was broken up and in five days more I was a well man. I recommended it to several of my friends and all speak the highest praise for it. There is nothing like Pe-ru-na for catarrhal affections. It is well nigh infallible as a cure, and I gladly endorse it."—C. F. Given.

A Prominent Singer Saved From Loss of Voice.

Mr. Julian Weissitz, 175 Seneca street, Buffalo, N. Y., is corresponding secretary of The Sangerlust, of New York; is the leading second bass of the Sangerlust, the largest German singing society of New York and also the oldest.

IN 1890 The Sangerlust celebrated its fiftieth anniversary with a large celebration in New York City. The following is his testimony:

"About two years ago I caught a severe cold while traveling and which settled into catarrh of the bronchial tubes, and so affected my voice that I was obliged to cancel my engagements. In distress I was advised to try Pe-ru-na, and although I had never used a patent medicine before, I sent for a bottle.

"Words but illly describe my surprise to find that within a few days I was greatly relieved, and within three weeks I was entirely recovered. I am never without it now, and take an occasional dose when I feel run down."—Julian Weissitz.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Pe-ru-na, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, O.

BALDWIN CALLED TO BOOK

Made Disparaging Remarks About Blacks as Soldiers.

ASKED TO EXPLAIN STATEMENT.

General Not Worried for Safety of Filipinos and Negroes in Fight as it Didn't Matter Whether They Got Killed or Not.

Washington, April 15.—The war department has taken official cognizance of the reported statements of General Frank D. Baldwin, commander of the Department of the Colorado, in disparagement of the Filipinos and negroes as soldiers, and Secretary Root directed that a formal inquiry be addressed to General Baldwin asking whether or not he had been correctly quoted. The alleged remarks which he is reported to have made were to the effect that one of his reasons for liking the Filipino as a soldier was the same that gave him a preference for the negro in the same capacity—that in a fight he was not worried about his safety, as it did not make any difference whether he got killed or not.

ROCK ISLAND DEAL FAILS.

Purchase of St. Louis and San Francisco Road Abandoned for Present.

New York, April 15.—A leading interest in the Rock Island company announced that the proposed purchase of the St. Louis and San Francisco road had been abandoned for the present. Negotiations may be resumed later.

The same authority declares that the failure of the plan has nothing to do with the recent decision in the Northern Securities case. It was simply a question of price and the parties concerned failed to come to terms.

Ohio River Again Rising.

Evansville, Ind., April 15.—The Ohio river is still rising here and it is expected to reach thirty-five feet or more. Rain has been falling all day and it is feared the flood will do great damage in the lowlands. All the tributaries of the Ohio river in this section are rising at a rapid rate. The flood of three weeks ago forced many people in the bottoms out of their homes and they had just moved back when the present rise came upon them.

Senators on Witness Stand.

Jefferson City, April 15.—The witnesses before the grand jury were Senators Schoenlaub, Collins and Sartorius of St. Louis and former Senator Haynes of St. Joseph. Nothing definite could be learned regarding the nature of their testimony, but it is learned that Senator Collins was asked to explain how he came into possession of seven \$1,000 bills which he publicly displayed in St. Louis soon after the adjournment of the legislature.

BODY FOUND IN A BARREL.

It is Still Warm, but There is No Clue to Murderer.

New York, April 15.—A murder was discovered, according to the police, by the finding of the body of a man, apparently an Italian, in a barrel in East Eleventh street, near the docks. The man's throat was cut. The body was warm when found. It is supposed that somebody intended to throw the body into the river after bringing it there in a wagon, but found the pier at East Eleventh street closed and dropped the load in the street in a hurry, fearing discovery.

Coroner Weston, who performed an autopsy on the body of the murdered man, said that he had found eighteen additional stab wounds in the neck, beside the two deep gashes that severed the jugular vein. Some of them were hardly more than scratches, while other were from a quarter to a half inch deep. All the wounds were inflicted with a dagger. The physician said that the autopsy revealed no evidence that there had been a struggle at the time the man was killed. He advanced the theory that the man had been held so that he could not move, while his assailants, in order to force him to tell something they wanted to know, tortured him by making slight stab wounds in his neck.

Keefe Advises Arbitration.

Buffalo, April 15.—President Daniel Keefe of the International Longshoremen's union addressed 1,500 of the striking firemen, oilers and water tenders and members of the Longshoremen's union. He advised the strikers to submit their grievances to arbitration, as recommended by Mayor Knight, who is endeavoring to bring about a settlement of the strike. The attitude of the Lake Carriers' association toward their men remains unchanged.

Murder in Third Degree.

Minneapolis, Kan., April 15.—A verdict of murder in the third degree has been returned against Ervin Kerr, charged with killing A. B. Upham on Feb. 12. Kerr's father is the pastor of the Methodist Episcopal church at Ada, Kan. The trial attracted much interest and many women attended daily.

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure

Digests what you eat. This preparation contains all of the digestants and digests all kinds of food. It gives instant relief and never fails to cure. It allows you to eat all the food you want. The most sensitive stomachs can take it. By its use many thousands of dyspeptics have been cured after everything else failed. It is unequalled for the stomach. Children with weak stomachs thrive on it. Cures all stomach troubles. Prepared only by E. C. DEWITT & Co., Chicago. Each \$1. bottle contains 2 1/2 times the 50c. size.